

HOW TO STUDY CULTURES

Unit Test

MULTIPLE CHOICE: Circle the letter of the answer which best completes the following statements.

1. Examples of natural resources are

(a). a dam and wind	(c). a highway and cars
(b). coal and trees	(d). a bridge and fish

2. Topography is

(a). precipitation averages	(c). the physical features of the land
(b). natural resources of a region	(d). average temperature of a region

3. Elements that comprise the geography of a region include

(a). natural resources	(c). topography
(b). climate	(d). (a), (b), and (c)
	(e). (b) and (c), but not (a)

4. Agricultural jobs include

(a). automobile assembly line workers	(c). lawyers and doctors
(b). apple growers and cattle producers	(d). barbers and painters

5. Climate is long-term weather conditions of a region, with an emphasis on

(a). temperature and precipitation averages	(c). floods and earthquakes
(b). rain and snow storms	(d). wind and sun

6. Technology consists of

(a). tools and machines	(c.) plans and procedures
(b). materials	(d). (a) and (b), but not (c)
	(e). (a),(b),and(c)

7. Extended families may include

(a). grandparents	(c). cousins
(b). aunts and uncles	(d). all of the above

8. Democracies, dictatorships, and monarchies are examples of

(a). types of economies	(c). types of governments
(b). types of religious groups	(d). types of cultures

9. The tendency of a person to judge other cultures according to his or her own cultural standards is referred to as

(a). economics	(c). ethnocentrism
(b). religious indifference	(d). cultural inferiority

10. When studying cultures, it is important to consider
 - (a). How culture members have adapted to their environment
 - (b). What social organizations exist and why they exist
 - (c). What economic activities exist.
 - (d). What culture members believe and value